

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: 04168 Glaco Q

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: water-repellent coating for glass.

Uses advised against: not determined.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier: Nowy Samochód S.A.

Address: ul. Zbyszka Cybulskiego 3, 00-725 Warszawa, PL

Telephone/fax: +48 602-444-356

E-mail address for a competent person responsible for SDS: info@soft99.pl

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

112 (general emergency telephone number)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms and signal words



Hazardous components placed on the label

Contains: propan-2-ol.

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to properly labelled waste containers according to national law.

Additional information

None.

## 2.3. Other hazards

PBT: decamethylcyclopentasiloxane.

vPvB: decamethylcyclopentasiloxane.

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

### 3.2. Mixtures

CAS number: 64-17-5 EC number: 200-578-6 Index number: 603-002-00-5 Registration number: —	<b>ethanol</b> Flam. Liq. 2 H225	60% < C < 70%
CAS number: 67-63-0 EC number: 200-661-7 Index number: 603-117-00-0 Registration number: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX	<b>propan-2-ol</b> Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336	20% < C < 30%
CAS number: 541-02-6 EC number: 208-764-9 Index number: — Registration number: —	<b>decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</b> The substance is not classified as hazardous.	C < 5%
CAS number: 7664-93-9 EC number: 231-639-5 Index number: 016-020-00-8 Registration number: —	<b>sulphuric acid</b> Skin Corr. 1A H314 <u>Specific concentration limits:</u> Skin Corr. 1A H314: C ≥ 15% Skin Irrit. 2 H315: 5% ≤ C < 15% Eye Irrit. 2 H319: 5% ≤ C < 15%	C < 1%

Full text of each H phrase is given in section 16.

Components according to Regulation on detergents 648/2004/EC as amended:

aliphatic hydrocarbons	< 5%
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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Contact with skin

Take off contaminated clothing. Wash the exposed parts of the skin thoroughly with water and soap. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms appear.

#### Contact with eyes

Protect non-irritated eye, remove contact lenses. Rinse contaminated eyes thoroughly with water for 10 - 15 minutes. Avoid powerful water stream – risk of cornea damage. Consult an ophthalmologist if disturbing symptoms appear.

#### Ingestion

Consult a doctor, show the packaging or label. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### After inhalation

Remove the victim to fresh air, keep warm and at rest. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms appear.

#### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

##### Contact with skin

The product may cause redness, burning sensation, skin dryness.

##### Contact with eyes

The product may cause burning sensation, irritation, tearing, pain, conjunctival redness.

##### Ingestion

May cause nausea, vomiting, gastrointestinal problems, abdominal pains.

##### After inhalation

High concentration of vapours and mists may cause headaches, dizziness, somnolence.

##### Effects of exposure

There are no known significant effects or critical hazards with the correct use of the product.

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Physician makes a decision regarding further medical treatment after thoroughly examination of the injured. Symptomatic treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: carbon dioxide, water spray, extinguishing foam resistant to alcohols, extinguishing powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: water jet – risk of the propagation of the flame.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

During the fire may produce harmful gases containing e.g. carbon monoxides, other hazardous unidentified products of thermal decomposition. Do not inhale combustion products, they can be dangerous for human health.

#### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Personal protection typical in case of fire. Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air, they accumulate in the lower parts of the premises and pose a risk of explosion. Cool down the containers that are endangered by fire with a water spray from a safe distance. Collect used extinguishing media.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Limit the access for the outsiders into the breakdown area, until the suitable cleaning operations are completed. Ensure that only the trained personnel removes the effects of the accident. In case of large spills, isolate the exposed area. Eliminate all sources of ignition - do not use an open flame, do not smoke, do not use sparking tools, etc. Use personal protective equipment.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not allow the product to get into the sewage system, surface waters and soil. In case of release of large amounts of the product, it is necessary to take appropriate steps to prevent it from spreading into the environment. Notify relevant emergency services.

#### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Small leakage: collect the spilled product with incombustible absorbing materials (e.g. sand, earth, universal binding agents, silica etc.) and place it in waste containers. Treat the collected material as waste. Clean and ventilate the contaminated area.

Large leakage: isolate places where liquid accumulates; pump the collected liquid out.

#### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

Appropriate conduct with waste product – see section 13. Personal protective equipment – see section 8.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handle in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Provide general and / or local ventilation in the workplace in order to maintain the concentration of the harmful agent in the air below the established limit values. Avoid vapor formation. Keep the unused containers tightly closed. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Do not eat, drink and smoke during the work. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid eyes and skin contamination. Eliminate sources of ignition - do not use an open flame, do not smoke, do not use sparking tools and clothes made of fabrics susceptible to static electricity.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in properly labeled, sealed packages in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatible materials (see subsection 10.5). Keep away from, foodstuffs and animal feed. Container that is opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep away from sources of fire. Smoking, using open fire and sparking tools is prohibited in the warehouse. Recommended material for the container: stainless steel, polyethylene.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information about other uses than those mentioned in subsection 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Specification	WEL 8 hour	WEL 15 min	Comments
ethanol	1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	—	—
propan-2-ol	999 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	—
sulphuric acid	—	—	—
- thoracic fraction	0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	—	—

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Fourth Edition 2020.

#### Recommended control procedures

Procedures for monitoring concentrations of hazardous components in the air and procedures for monitoring air purity in the workplace should be applied - if available and justified at a given position - in accordance with the relevant national or European Standards, taking into account the conditions at the site of exposure and the appropriate measurement methods adapted to the working conditions. The mode, type and frequency of tests and measurements should meet the requirements of the appropriate laws.

#### DNEL and PNEC

propan-2-ol [CAS 67-63-0]			
Exposure route	Exposure scheme	DNEL	
		worker	consumer
inhalation	long-term systemic	89 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
skin	long-term systemic	319 mg/kg bw/day	888 mg/kg bw/day
oral	long-term systemic	—	26 mg/kg bw/day

propan-2-ol [CAS 67-63-0]	
PNEC	Value
marine water	140,9 mg/l
freshwater	140,9 mg/l
soil	28 mg/kg soil

freshwater sediment	552 mg/kg sediment
marine water sediment	552 mg/kg sediment
sewage treatment plant	2 251 mg/l
secondary poisoning	160 mg/kg food

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Industrial hygiene

Use the product in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, drink and smoke during the work. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Ensure adequate general and/or local ventilation at the workplace. If during work processes there is a risk of clothing fire on the employee - no more than 20 m in a horizontal line from the stations where these processes are performed, emergency showers (safety showers) for washing the whole body and separate showers (showers) for eye washing should be installed. Do not allow vapours to concentrate in the air and to create concentrations within the limits of explosive properties or exceeding the OEL values.

### Individual protection measures

The necessity to use and the selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should take into account the type of risk posed by the product, working conditions and the way of handling the product. The personal protective equipment used must meet the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the relevant standards. The employer is obliged to provide protection measures appropriate to the activities performed and meeting all quality requirements, including their maintenance and cleaning. Any contaminated or damaged PPE must be replaced immediately.

### Hand protection

Use protective gloves resistant to chemicals according to EN 374. Select the material for the gloves individually at the workplace. Recommended material for gloves: PVC.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product. The choice of material for protective gloves should be made taking into account the breakthrough times, permeation rate and degradation. Moreover, the selection of the appropriate gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. The exact breakthrough time has to be obtained from the glove manufacturer and it must be observed.

### Body protection

Depending on the performed task, use protective clothing appropriate to the potential hazard. In case of a prolonged contact with the product, use protective clothing made of coated or impregnated fabrics.

### Eye protection

Use safety glasses in accordance with EN 166.

### Respiratory protection

In case of the formation of vapours and aerosols, use absorbing equipment or absorbing and filtering equipment with a suitable protection class (class 1/protection against gases or vapours with a concentration in the air volume not exceeding 0.1%, class 2 / protection against gases or vapours with a concentration in the air not exceeding 0.5%, class 3 / protect against gases or vapours at concentrations in the air volume to 1%). In cases where the oxygen concentration is  $\leq 19\%$  and / or maximum concentration of toxic substances in the air is  $\geq 1.0\%$  by volume, isolating equipment should be used.

### Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

### Environmental exposure controls

Prevent direct release to drains/ surface waters. Do not contaminate surface waters and drainage ditches with chemicals or used containers. Released product or uncontrolled spills to surface waters should be reported to appropriate authorities in accordance with local and national legislations. Dispose as chemical waste, in accordance with local and national legislation.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	liquid
Colour:	light yellow
Odour:	characteristic of alcohol
Melting point/freezing point:	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	78 °C (CAS: 64-17-5)
Flammability:	highly flammable liquid
Lower and upper explosion limit:	2-19 % vol.
Flash point:	12 °C
Auto-ignition temperature:	363 °C
Decomposition temperature:	not determined
pH:	3,1±0,6 (1 % water solution)
Kinematic viscosity:	not determined
Solubility:	soluble in water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	not applicable
Vapour pressure:	not determined
Density and/or relative density:	0,814±0,03 (25 °C)
Relative vapour density:	not determined
Particle characteristics:	not applicable

### 9.2. Other information

No additional tests.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Product is reactive. Product's vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. It does not go under hazardous polymerization. See also subsection 10.3-10.5.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product reacts exothermically with strong oxidants.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat sources, open flames, sparking tools and direct sunlight.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with following materials: strong oxidants, strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not known.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

<b>ethanol [CAS 64-17-5]</b>	
LD <sub>50</sub> (oral, rat)	10470 mg/kg
LD <sub>50</sub> (skin, rabbit)	17100 mg/kg
<b>propan-2-ol [CAS 67-63-0]</b>	
LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat)	16000 ppm
LD <sub>50</sub> (oral, rat)	5050 mg/kg
LD <sub>50</sub> (skin, rabbit)	12800 mg/kg
<b>sulphuric acid [CAS 7664-93-9]</b>	
LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat)	0,51 mg/l
LC <sub>50</sub> (inhalation, mouse)	320 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
LD <sub>50</sub> (oral, rat)	2140 mg/kg mc
<b>Mixture</b>	
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Product vapours may cause headaches, dizziness and drowsiness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Exposure route: eye exposure, skin exposure, inhalation, ingestion. For more information on the impact of each possible route of exposure, see subsection 4.2.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

No data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

No data.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The components of the mixture are not assessed as endocrine disrupting substances.

## Other information

No data.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

ethanol [CAS 64-17-5]		
LC <sub>50</sub> (fish)	15,3 mg/l / 96 h <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	method: US EPA E03-05
NOEC (fish)	250 mg/l / 120 h <i>Danio rerio</i>	method: OECD 212
NOEC (invertebrates)	2 mg/l / 10 days <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	method: —
propan-2-ol [CAS 67-63-0]		
LC <sub>50</sub> (fish)	9640 mg/l / — <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	method: —
LC <sub>50</sub> (daphnia)	>10000 mg/l / — <i>Daphnia magna</i>	method: OECD 202
LC <sub>50</sub> (fish)	9640 mg/l / 96 h <i>Acrotylus patruelis</i>	method: —
LC <sub>50</sub> (crustaceans)	1400 mg/l / 48 h <i>Acrotylus patruelis</i>	method: —
sulphuric acid [CAS 7664-93-9]		
LC <sub>50</sub> (fish)	82 mg/l / — <i>Brachydanio rerio</i>	method: ISO 7346/1
EC <sub>50</sub> (daphnia)	29 mg/l / — <i>Daphnia magna</i>	method: ISO 6341
EC <sub>50</sub> (algae)	>100 mg/l / — <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	method: OECD 201
LC <sub>50</sub> (crustaceans)	42,5 mg/l / 48 h —	method: —
LC <sub>50</sub> (fish)	>16 - < 28 mg/l / 96 h <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	method: —
Mixture		
The product is not classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.		

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

ethanol CAS 64-17-5	Easily biodegradable	84%/20 days	method: —
propan-2-ol CAS 67-63-0	Biodegradable	53%/5 days	method: EU C.5 i EUC.6



## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ethanol CAS 64-17-5	log Po/w=-0,35	—	method: OECD 107
propan-2-ol CAS 67-63-0	log Po/w=0,05	—	method: —

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility of components of the mixture in soil depends on the hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and biotic and abiotic conditions of soil, including its structure, climatic conditions, seasons and soil organisms.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: decamethylcyclopentasiloxane.

vPvB: decamethylcyclopentasiloxane.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The components of the mixture are not assessed as endocrine disrupting substances.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

The mixture is not classified as hazardous to the ozone layer. Consider other harmful effects of individual components of the mixture on the environment (eg, global warming potential).

## SECTION 13: Waste treatment methods

### 13.1. Disposal considerations

#### Recommendations for the product

The waste product should be recovered or disposed of in authorized incineration plants or waste disposal / neutralization plants, in accordance with applicable regulations. Do not empty into drains. The waste code should be given in the place of its formation.

#### Recommendations for used packaging

Reuse / recycle / eliminate empty containers in accordance with the local legislation. Only completely empty containers can be reused.

EU legal acts: directives of the European Parliament and of the Council: 2008/98 / EC as amended and 94/62 / EC as amended.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1993

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

#### **ADR**

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.  
[ETHANOL, PROPAN-2-OL]

#### **IMDG**

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.  
[ETHANOL, PROPAN-2-OL]

#### **ICAO/IATA**

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.  
[ETHANOL, PROPAN-2-OL]

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

#### 14.4. Packing group

II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	no
IMDG	no
ICAO/IATA	no

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Use personal protective equipment according to section 8 when handling the product. Avoid sources of heat and fire.

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

##### Additional data

ADR	limited quantity LQ	1 L
	transport category	2
	tunnel restriction code	D/E
IMDG	limited quantity LQ	1 L
	EmS code	F-E, S-E
ICAO/IATA	packing instruction (LQ)	Y341
	limited quantity (LQ)	1 L
	packing instruction, passenger	353
	maximum quantity, passenger	5 L
	packing instruction, cargo	364
	maximum quantity, cargo	60 L

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ADR Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMDG Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations

1907/2006/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (as amended).

1272/2008/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (as amended).

2020/878/EU COMMISSION REGULATION of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.

2008/98/EC DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives (as amended).

94/62/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 31 March 2004 on detergents (as amended).

Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII, REACH): decamethylcyclotetrasiloxane.

The components of the mixture are not included in Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for mixtures.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of H phrases mentioned in section 3

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Clarification of abbreviations and acronyms

ADR	Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level.
EC <sub>50</sub>	(median effective concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population under certain conditions.
EN	European standard
IATA	The International Air Transport Association.
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LC <sub>50</sub>	Concentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.
LD <sub>50</sub>	Dose of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.
NOEC	The highest concentration that does not cause a statistically significant adverse effect in the exposed population, when compared with its appropriate control.
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.
PNEC	Predicted no-effect concentration.
RID	The Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
vPvB	Very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation - category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid - category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure - category 3
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion - category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation - category 2

### Trainings

Before commencing working with the product, the user should learn the Health & Safety regulations, regarding handling chemicals, and in particular, undergo a proper workplace training. Personnel related with the transport of hazardous substances in accordance with the ADR agreement should be trained and should obtain proper certification in a range of their obligations (general training, workplace training, safety training).

### Key literature references and sources of data

This SDS was prepared on the basis of the safety data sheet provided by the manufacturer, literature data, online databases (e.g. ECHA, TOXNET, COSING), our knowledge and experience, taking into account the current legislation.

### Procedures used for the mixture classification according with Regulation 1272/2008/EC as amended

Flam. Liq. 2 H225	on basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2 H319	calculation method
STOT SE 3 H336	calculation method



# Safety Data Sheet

Date of issue: 20.09.2016  
Date of update: 09.12.2021  
Version: 3.0/EN

[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

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## Additional information

Changes: section: 1-16  
SDS issued by: THETA Consulting Sp. z o.o.